

Implementing the EU F-gas Regulation

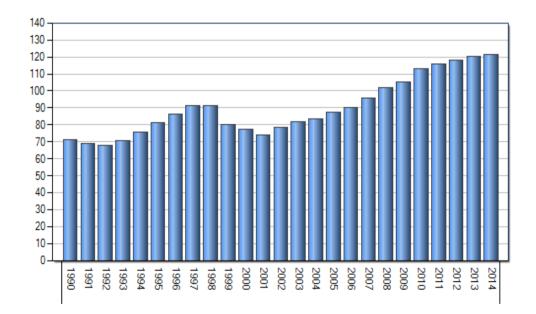
Arno Kaschl DG Climate Action, European Commission 7 July 2016

Relevance of F-gases



Gas	GWP (AR 4, 100 year)	
	(, ,,	
CO ₂	1	
Methane	25	
Nitrous Oxide	298	
HFC 134a	1 430	
HFC 404A	3 922	
HFC 410A	2 088	
HFC 125	3 500	
PFC 14	7 390	
SF6	22 800	

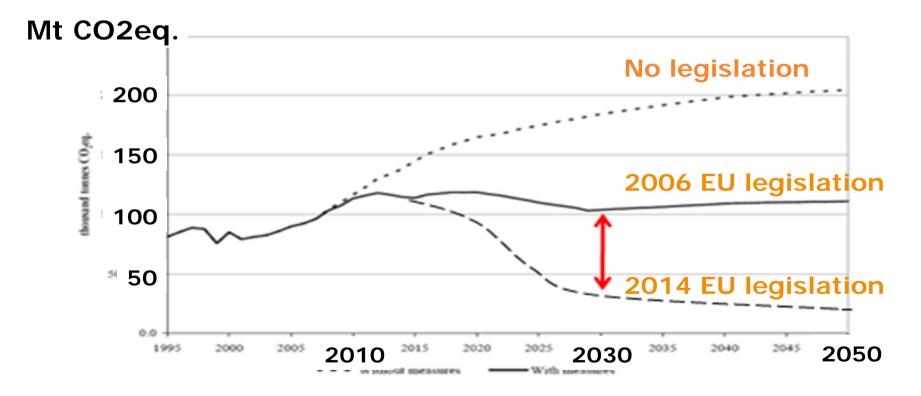
HFC Emissions 1990 - 2014 (EU)



Source: European Environmental Agency



Projected EU F-gas emissions



Cumulative savings of 1.5 Gt by 2030 and 5 Gt by 2050!



Two strategies to reduce emissions

- Prevent leakage and emissions
 - Emission prevention and leak checks -> Art. 3 5
 - Control of by-production -> Art. 7
 - End of life treatment of products and equipment -> Art. 8,9
 - Training and qualification -> Art. 10
 - Information for users (labelling, product infos) -> Art. 11
- Avoid the use of F-gases
 - Training and qualification
 - Ban on new applications -> Art. 11
 - Ban on uses -> Art. 13
 - Phase-down of HFC supply -> Art. 14, 15ff.

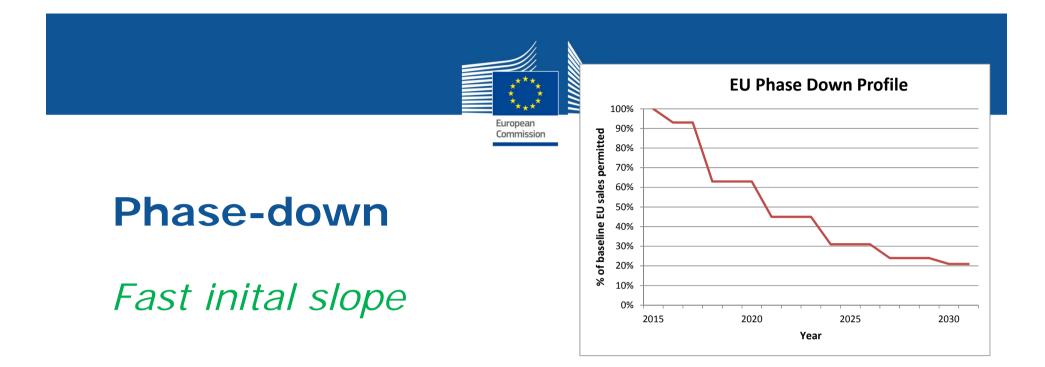


quota system

Upstream Market Measure: Reduce EU HFC sales (measured in CO2eq.!) in 3 year steps by 80% (2030)

- ➢ Companies importing or producing HFCs (bulk!) get HFC quota every year (in CO2eq) → more metric tonnes for climatefriendlier substances can be sold
- A company can only place quantities of HFCs on the EU market up to their quota limit
- All HFCs in Precharged RAC equipment need to be accounted for in the quota system from 2017





2015: freeze @ 2009-2012 levels

2016: 93%

2017: pre-charged equipment covered by quota system (>10% of market of top of phase-down step)

2018: 63% plus pre-charged equipment



Phase-down effects:

 Prices for high GWP gases may rise if users do not switch to low GWP equipment quickly enough

The initial slope is rather steep! \rightarrow Changes will be noticeable quickly!

• Today: $GWP_{average} = 2000 \rightarrow 2030$: GWP 400 (21%)

i.e. a GWP 700 solution is in principle not sufficient to comply with the phase-down in the long run...

There is lots of potential to reduce the use of GWP > 2500 (404A, 507) → 407c,f; CO2 transcritical, cascade systems

→ Operators investing in new equipment today should seek good guidance!



Registration in the F-gas Portal is required for...

- all companies concerned by the reporting obligations (Art. 19) including equipment importers and destruction compnanies
- all companies wishing to ask for quota [HFC Registry]
- all companies receiving or supplying exempted gases (import for destruction, feedstock, direct export, military use, semiconductor production or MDI production) [HFC Registry]

How to register? <u>http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/f-gas/reporting/docs/guidance_registration_f-gases_portal_en.pdf</u>



Yearly Company



Reporting

Entrance gateway is the F-gas Portal

- Companies must fill in an electronic reporting template. Relevant for:
 - Producers/Importers/Exporters of bulk Fgases
 - Undertakings destroying Fgases
 - Feestock users
 - Importers of precharged equipment
- The (audited) data is used to check if companies are in compliance with the quota obligations, and to allocate new reference values!
- Deadline is 31 March each year! First time was 31 March 2015 (for activites concerning 2014)







equipment

From 2017, pre-charged HFC equipment can only be placed on the market, if the HFC charge is covered by quota!

How?

- Filling in the EU (or even outside the EU), with HFCs **bought in the EU**, or
- authorisation to use quota from a quota holder (producer/importer of bulk HFCs) for HFCs bought outside the EU
- Need for a **Declaration of Conformity**

http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/f-gas/docs/guidance_equipment_importers_en.pdf

Bans on new	RAC equipment
	Commission
Domestic fridges/freezers	2015 (GWP>150)
Commercial plug-in/stand alo	one 2022 (GWP>150)
Stationary Refrigeration Systems	2020 (GWP>2500)
Multipack Supermarket Systems	2022 (GWP>150) * Some cascades can use 1500 in circuit
Movable room AC (including window units)	2020 (GWP>150)
Small single split AC	2025 (GWP>750)

Also: fire protection, aerosols, foams



Lots of attention by stakeholders has been on the bans

but in reality we think it`s the phase-down (even though not sector-specific and thus flexible) that is driving most changes

→ Bans are an absolute endpoint, but action is often possible much earlier and makes economic sense under the scenario of a phase-down





- Targets **existing equipment** and prohibits use of refrigerants with GWP > 2500 [*e.g. R*-404a]
- From 2020
- Only for larger refrigeration equipment:

Charge >40t CO2eq.

–50°C excluded

• Reclaimed and recycled gases allowed until 2030

Refrigerant	Charge size threshold (40 t CO ₂ -equiv.)
R23	2.72 kg
R404A	10.20 kg
R507	10.04 kg
R422D	14.66 kg



CO2 metric

Converting tons CO2 equivalents to metric kilograms

Charge limits in t CO ₂ -equiv.				
5	40	50	500	1,000

Refrigerant	GWP	Conversion of charge limits in kg				
R134a	1,430	3.50	27.97	34.97	349.65	699.30
R32	675	7.41	59.26	74.07	740.74	1,481.48
R404A	3,922	1.27	10.20	12.75	127.49	254.97
R407C	1,774	2.82	22.55	28.18	281.85	563.70
R410A	2,088	2.39	19.16	23.95	239.46	478.93
R422D	2,729	1.83	14.66	18.32	183.22	366.43
R507A	3,985	1.25	10.04	12.55	125.47	250.94

→ Rules are less strict for users of low GWP technology

Obligations for operators



and technicians

M	Stationary refrigeration and AC			
Measure	Α	В	С	D
Leakage prevention and repair as soon as possible (Art. 3)	1	×	✓	>
Installation ¹³ , maintenance or servicing of the equipment by certified personnel and companies (Art. 3)	✓	V	~	✓
Minimum frequency of leak checks by certified personnel (Art. 4)		12 mo. (*)	6 mo. (*)	3 mo. (*)
Installation of leakage detection system which must be checked at least every 12 mo. (Art. 3)				✓
Record keeping (Art. 6)		<	>	1
Recovery of F-gases before final disposal of the equipment, and when appropriate during maintenance or servicing, by certified personnel (Art. 8 and Art. 10)	V	~	~	>
Labelling of equipment (Art. 12)	1	1	/	1
(*) If the stationary refrigeration or air conditioning equipment is equipped with a leakage detection system the				

🔪 frequency of leak checks doubles to 24 months, 12 months and 6 months for classes B, C and D, respectively. 🥖

Legend. A: <5, B: <50, C<500, D>=500 tonnes CO2 equivalent

http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/f-gas/docs/f-gas_equipment_operators_nl.pdf





technical personnel

Activiteit	Gecerti- ficeerd personeel	Gecertifi- ceerde firma
Installatie	1	✓*
Onderhoud of service	√	✓*
Controle op lekken van apparatuur die ≥5 t CO ₂ -eq gefluoreerde broeikasgassen bevatten (≥10 t CO ₂ -eq indien hermetisch afgesloten en als zodanig geëtiketteerd)	✓	
Terugwinning van gefluoreerde gassen	√	

* niet nodig voor koelwagens en -aanhangwagens en werk dat niet voor een derde partij wordt uitgevoerd.

http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/f-gas/docs/technical_personnel_brochure_nl.pdf



Tribute to Dr. Mostafa Tolba



DUBAI PATHWAY ON HFCs

37th Meeting of the Open-ended Working Group of the Parties to the Montreal Protocol Geneva, Switzerland, 4th - 8th April 2016

Conference Portal

Ozone Secretariat Website





http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/f-gas/index_en.htm

Legislation:

http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/f-gas/legislation/index_en.htm

Quota Allocation & Reporting:

http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/f-gas/reporting/index_en.htm Alternatives:

http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/f-gas/alternatives/index_en.htm

Guidance documents:

http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/f-gas/documentation_en.htm

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